

Science close to home

by Henri Duluth

"Science is a process of thinking and developing rational knowledge through practice. It is a summation of the labouring people's experience."

—SESPA

A group of students will be meeting at McGill on Friday to form a project around the question of science's political role. The group is inviting students, staff, and members of the wider community to discuss research, writing, and actions that they could undertake.

At a meeting on Saturday the group discussed the work of Scientists and Engineers for Social and Political Action (SESPA) a largely American organization. John Dove, a member of SESPA who had spoken at McGill on Friday, described some of the projects his Boston-based chapter has engaged in. Dove said that he was impressed by Montrealers' interest in SESPA's activities.

Scientists and Engineers for Social and Political Action (SESPA) derives its origins from the anti-war activities of science teachers, researchers, laboratory technicians, computer programmers and other science workers in the Northeast United States. The research stoppage at MIT in 1969 was the first public action of SESPA.

Currently, more than two dozen loosely-structured chapters of SESPA are engaged in a mixture of research, discus-

sion, publication and direct action at their workplaces throughout the United States.

Science for Vietnam exists to aid and support the struggles of the peoples of Indochina and to carry on the fight for humane and deprofessionalized science in the United States. Some of their activities include sending packages of literature on the treatment of tuberculosis and malaria, and exposing weather modification warfare practiced by the American forces in Indochina.

The Science Teaching Group, based in Boston, provides a critique of present curricula, methods and school structure, and is developing materials for teaching science in a social and political context. This group has published a series of short teacher guides on such subjects as the energy crisis and genetic engineering.

The Madison Wisconsin Collective is engaged in cataloguing the mathematical assistance the Army Mathematics Research Centre has given the military, and is pressing for a new centre to apply math to the problems of the Wisconsin working class.

The Women's Issue Group prepared an issue of the SESPA magazine, *Science for the People*, on the use of science ideology to oppress women. It is now working to raise women's issues within and

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Speakers at Friday night's Anti-Imperialist conference.

United front advocated

by Bill Wolfertz

Martin Nicolaus, Foreign Editor of the *Guardian*, an American weekly newspaper, spoke Friday evening at the opening session of a week-end-long Third World Anti-imperialist Conference. The conference was sponsored by an ad hoc committee, including groups such as the Afro-Asian, Latin American Peoples' Solidarity Committee, the Mouvement Revolutionnaire des Etudiants du Quebec (MREQ), several Quebecois groups and many Third World national associations.

Nicolaus cited Cambodia as an example of the trend of the Third World countries toward anti-imperialist revolution.

Six years ago, he said, Cambodia tried to remain neutral during the revolutions in neighbouring Laos and Vietnam. The Western press gleefully reported that the Cambodians were "not warlike, but docile."

Nicolaus noted, however, that imperialism never permits neutrality. "The Cambodians are teaching the imperialists a lesson. The history of that country—and the world—is not being decided by the imperialists, but by the revolutionary fighting spirit of the peoples of the world. Where would the Cambodians be if they had confined themselves to petitions? Not one step closer to revolution."

Nicolaus said that the "peaceful road to socialism" is being repudiated by the people of the world. "Few people are fooled by it anymore—Chile was a good lesson."

He said that in order for an

anti-imperialist revolution to be successful, it is necessary to have a united front, led by a democratic centralist Marxist-Leninist party. Experience has shown that the peoples of the world must learn to rely on themselves. "It is the only way to victory," he said.

The Soviet Union, said Nicolaus, preaches that self-reliance is wrong and that the peoples of the world should rely on Soviet aid. But in Cambodia, the U.S.S.R. not only failed to give the Cambodians any aid, but continued to recognize the Lon Nol regime, and still maintains an embassy in Phnom Penh. At the U.S., the Soviet Union "raised not a word in defence of Cambodia," said Nicolaus. "The Soviet Union is not fundamentally interested in seeing people liberate themselves from imperialism, but is trying to push its own hegemonism." Only China, North Vietnam and North Korea gave any help to the Cambodians, he added.

Nicolaus said that aid should be taken from anyone, including "the devil himself," if it will aid the struggle. Referring to massive arms sales by the imperialist powers, especially the U.S., U.S.S.R. and France, he quoted from Lenin: "One half of the bourgeoisie will sell us guns to kill the other half of the bourgeoisie."

"Detente is a myth and delusion," he said, "similar to those preceding World Wars I and II, to prepare for imperialist war. Detente is relative, conflict is absolute. The limits on nuclear arms are designed to more ruthlessly prepare for

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Around campus

A boycott boogie

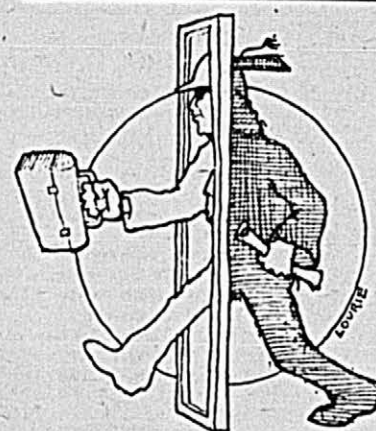
Several people may remember that last year the McGill for Farmworkers Committee held a Fiesta to bring in the new year. The first annual Boycott Boogie got together over two hundred people in helping the farmworkers' cause. This year the committee once again invites everyone to celebrate the coming of the new spring, after a winter of progress in Quebec.

La musica de fiesta will be provided by Harlequin, and beer and tacos will be available. March 22, Saturday night, is the time and 3915 University Street (Molson Hall) is the place. Tickets, which cost one dollar, are being sold Monday through Wednesday at the McGill for Farmworkers literature table, and at the door Saturday night. All proceeds will go to the United Farmworkers AFL/CIO in California.

McGill for Farmworkers Committee

Open Meeting Wednesday

There will be an open meeting of the Students' Society on Wednesday, March 19 at 1 pm in the Union ballroom. The topics on the agenda are the proposed amendments to the constitution and a proposal for McGill to join l'Association nationale des étudiants du Québec (ANEQ). Full details of the amendments will be published in tomorrow's and Wednesday's Dailies.



**THIS WEEK:
Job
Market**



The American Consulate and Iran House were picketted last Friday. 75 people called for the withdrawal of Iranian, US and British troops from the war in Dhofar, on the Arabian Peninsula.

PASSOVER MEALS

RESERVATIONS are now being accepted for
Passover lunches and suppers.

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laundry in basement, sundeck. Call 288-9879.

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\$150 per month, furnished, utilities, wall
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Sublet: 3 1/2 May to Sept. (negotiable). \$180,
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after 6 PM.

WANTED

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by Gordon Lightfoot. If you have one to sell,
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evenings (I lost your trace) or 877-2121
daytime.

PERSONAL

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1 in 27

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Students' Society

Executive Applications

Applications are hereby called for the positions of:

- Station Manager, Radio McGill
- Editor, Old McGill '76
- Editor, Student Handbook '75
- President, Film Society
- Editor, McGill Daily
- Chairman, Blood Drive
- Activities Night Coordinator
- Cultural & Entertainment Committee Chairperson
- Producer, Red & White Revue
- President, Debating Union
- President, Players Club

All McGill students are eligible.

Applications are available at the Students' Council office, 3480
McTavish Street, and must be returned to Suzanne Beaudriault
in the Students' Council office by:

**12 noon, Wednesday,
March 19, 1975.**



The Pirates of Penzance

Moyse Hall

Arts Building

March 19, 20, 22

8:00 PM

Tickets: \$1.50 Wednesday and Thursday \$2.50 Saturday

please note: No performance on Friday March 21



The great recession

by Julian Sher

Looking for a job this summer?

A lot of us may spend our summer months doing just that — looking. Because the way it looks it now, the jobs are not going to be there just waiting for us.

The economy, as everyone knows except Trudeau, Turner and the guys who write Economics 200D textbooks, is in a real mess. And though the burden of the current crisis is coming down mainly on workers, students too will get hit by the shrinking job market.

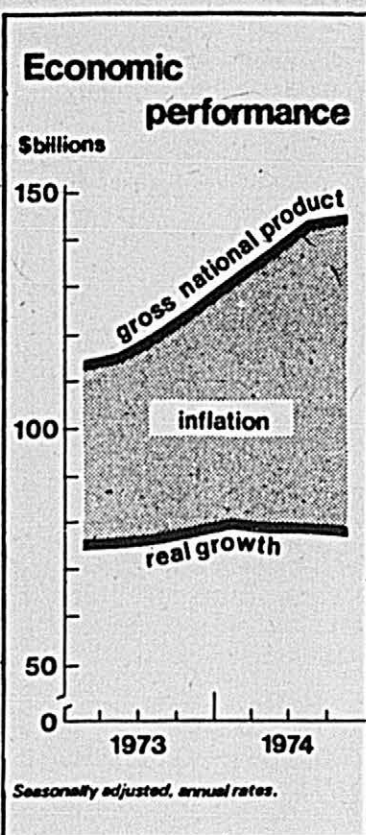
Of course, unemployment even among working people is never evenly distributed. Hardest hit have always been women, minorities and youth. Right now, unemployment for young workers between the ages of 14 and 24 is 13.8 per cent, while it is "only" 6.1 per cent for those above 25.

Young people represent close to half of all the unemployed in Quebec. And it's obviously the youth with the least education and training (those from the working class) who make the great majority of this group.

But the situation looks so bad now that even the students from universities and CEGEPs, who come mainly from the middle class, will be feeling the pinch.

As usual, the government hopes its band-aid solutions like Opportunities for Youth (OFY) will keep unemployment figures down, keep the middle class youth off the streets, and restore faith in the system.

OFY programs this year are valued at \$27.5 million, and will employ more than 27,000 students, providing 285,623 man-weeks of summer work. The OFY grants are the biggest part of a \$67 million student summer employment scheme.



No less than 12 federal departments are involved in the "Summer '75" student program.

Unfortunately for the government planners and their big business friends, the Summer of '75 may look a lot more like the Summer of '35 than anyone is ready to admit. For this time round, the cyclical boom/bust cycle threatens to bust the economic system at the seams.

Increasing unemployment

The official statistics — which, in so far as unemployment goes are gross underestimations — tell the story clear enough.

At mid-February, 286,000 Quebecers were officially unemployed, the highest total since the Second World War. It was the second consecutive month that Quebec's unemployment total rose to a new, postwar peak.

Even the most optimistic forecasts put Canada's unemployment rate for this year at a 7.5 per cent minimum, with Quebec's rate topping 10 per cent. "Unemployment all over Canada is going to get a lot worse before it gets better," is the 'happy' news from the prestigious C.D. Howe Research Institute, a big business think tank.

Layoffs are mounting across the country. The Star reported "mounting evidence that layoffs and shorter work weeks are spreading through Quebec like wildfire." In B.C., half the lumber industry and in Ontario half the construction workers are off the job; 45,000 auto workers are without work.

For those workers lucky enough to hang on to their jobs, inflation is rapidly eating away at their paychecks, and causing havoc for thousands of Canadians on fixed incomes. Last year's inflation rate — 12 per cent (16 per cent for food), was the worst in 26 years. And our own Marie Antoinette, Food Prices Review Board head Beryl Plumptre promises us that food prices will go up by "at least" another 15 per cent this year!

Just who benefits from — and causes — this inflationary nightmare is becoming quite apparent to Canada's working people. While average profits of Canadian companies rose 31 per cent last year, workers' real salary actually dropped by about five per cent.

With no immediate end in sight to this "stagflation" (inflation coupled with high unemployment), liberal economists are somewhat at a loss to explain what's happening to their "free market" system. Noting that some "experts" are urging tight money policies and major tax cuts while others advise the exact opposite measures, the Financial Times of Canada was led to conclude "that traditional economics does not seem up to the task of coping with current business realities".

"Current business realities", of course, is a polite way of saying recession — centered now in the United States, but generalized throughout the capitalist world and raising the prospect of a major depression. The failure of "traditional economics" to cope with this reality stems from its blindness to the fact that crisis and stagnation has been endemic to "private enterprise" systems from their very birth.

Government policies

Government policies of increased spending, arms expansion, budgetary deficits, easy credit and currency inflation saved the system in the '30s and managed to soften the blows of the booms and busts which recurred with regularity since the war. But as everyone now knows, the medicinal injection of two or three per cent annual inflation has turned into an addictive drug threatening to destroy the patient. While double-digit inflation tears the western economies apart from the inside, the empires built on years of domination over the Third World are fast crumbling.

So long as the U.S. and other western powers like Canada could maintain a high standard of living while their multinationals pillage the rest of the world, a major crisis could be averted. But growing resistance to such policies, with everything from the Vietnamese peoples' victories to joint actions by producing countries, has turned the tables. As the crisis grows, the thieves fall in among themselves. Rivalries between imperialist powers, most notably between the US and the USSR, are on the upswing.

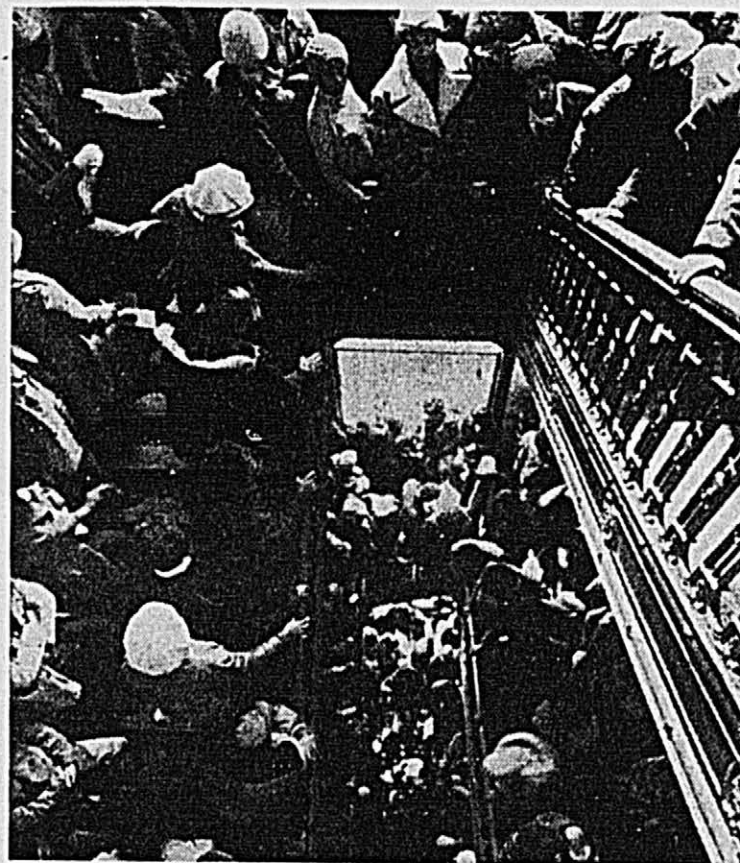
Back home in Canada, all this means a classic crisis of over-production accentuated by skyrocketing inflation and an international monetary crisis.

And big business is literally at a loss to find a way out — except by passing both the buck and the burden to working people.

The whole insanity of the "free market" system now stands naked for all to see. In their drive for profits, the monopolies have to counter their huge inventories (gone unsold because working people cannot afford to buy all the crap and even some of the necessities produced) by cutting back production and laying off more workers! The result, of course, is that workers have even less purchasing power, there are more unsold goods, more layoffs...

The Financial Times warned in February that "we must simply get out of that vicious circle." But last week it reported that quite the opposite was happening:

"The rate at which business is piling up inventories increased significantly, \$1.8 billion during the quarter...To run down



One of the many unemployment lines that are appearing across North America.

those inventories...has already meant production cutbacks and layoffs, and it will mean a faster increase in the unemployment rate for the next few months."

About the only thing big business and their politicians can promise us is that things are going to get a lot worse. With the economies in most capitalist countries expected to stagnate and some even to register a negative "growth" rate, everyone knows no one is going to go anywhere until the bastion of "free enterprise", the United States, gets off its recessionary ass. And it's clear that the only place the US is going is downhill:

- unemployment is at its highest point in 33 years
- the index of industrial production dropped 7.3 per cent by the end of last year, 5.8 per cent in the last quarter alone — the sharpest postwar slide in one quarter.
- as President Ford so aptly put it, "These are not normal times".

In Canada, it's the same story. In November, the Royal Bank's "Trendicator" promised us that "no recession" was in sight; by December, their crystal ball had changed its tune to the effect that only a "depression" was definitively ruled out. And by January, all the bank's fortune tellers could say was that "there was no clear signal yet that Canada's current economic slowdown may be ending."

The death of the capitalist system

There is substantial evidence that the strangulation of the capitalist economy (dependent on its own unplanned, spasmodic growth) is well on its way. Production levels are

dropping fast: the Canadian Manufacturers Association reported that manufacturing output in the country "reached a peak early in 1974 and has been on a declining trend ever since." In the most pessimistic results ever in the Financial Times Survey of Business Opinion, 63 per cent of corporate leaders said they didn't think this was a good time to expand.

The "recovery date" has been consistently pushed back, as the American economic quagmire takes on more desperate colours with each passing day.

But working people have a pretty good idea of what lies ahead — 51 per cent of Canadians in a recent poll said we're heading for a depression. When Trade Minister Allister Gillespie said "the free enterprise system is out of date", he was more correct than he knew. Of course, his point was that with an "alarming" poll showing half the population putting the blame for higher food prices squarely on corporate profiteering, it was time for a "more reasonable free enterprise system."

But the current crisis is leading a growing number of people to see that there's something screwy when a quarter of the country's people live in official poverty while millions of eggs are destroyed to keep profits up for the handful of men who run the whole system.

It's becoming all too clear that the problem lies not with a handful of monopolists making a fast buck (although the oil and food companies do deserve special mention), but with a whole system which fails to meet the needs of the working people.

ASUS Elections

(postponed until Tuesday, March 25th, 1975)

president



Douglas Collins

Qualifications:

Faculty of Arts—Major: Economics
Treasurer ASUS 1974-75
Student Rep on Scholarship Comm.
Vice-President..BSU...

Program: The 1974-75 Executive set a new precedent by which there was a more equitable distribution of student funds/This was accomplished even without a grant from the Students Society and will continue:

- a) Continued support of the Women's Union; & their policies.
- b) Support the Science Students demands for pre-Xmas exams and subsidize class notes.
- c) Support Arts Students demands for

more teacher/student relations
d) To continue to work closely with the Student Society....

e) Demand that all A/Sc. students be properly informed of available services.....

f) More support of Women/Men's intra-mural athletics

This year was a move in the right direction/your vote can help to establish some continuity.....



Kenneth Quigley

Budget

Since many students are unaware of the \$30,000 budget of the A.S.U.S. and what that money is used for, I feel that the budget should be published in the Free Press,

Services

What I propose is using a large part of this budget to increase student services provided by the ASUS. These services would include:

- 1) extension of library reserve hours to Sundays;
- 2) a complete course evaluation for all Arts & Science courses similar to the

one put out by the Biology Students Union.

3) use existing facilities to have concerts at McGill.

4) increase allocations to Arts & Science intramural sports teams.

5) establish a lounge for Arts & Science students.



Sheldon Zemelman

It is very unfortunate that while most of you who are reading this pen-sketch have some idea of what the A.S.U.S. is, its basic functions still elude many. Now, if the student body has little idea of what goes on in the A.S.U.S., then how can it be truly representative of the students' desires?

Therefore, my plan is to establish a firm link between student and

government - a link that extends two ways. First, to present the overall picture within the A.S.U.S., including published reports of meetings, budgets, and committee projects. Secondly, to maintain a feedback system by which students can express what THEY want the A.S.U.S. to do - not a clique of executives unresponsive to student voices.

To give an idea of the general trend I would like the A.S.U.S. to take, here are some of my proposals for the

coming year:

- A.S.U.S. week
- rescheduling of the exam timetable
- a coordinated student evaluation handbook for ALL Arts and Science courses
- establishment of an open office and an accessible telephone number for the president
- organizing popular speakers and groups
- maintaining an independent ASUS

arts v-p



Bruce Campbell

- BA U-2
- Student Council representative
- Communications Director, Students' Society

Platform:

- Subsidization of class notes for Science Students.
- Support for Women's Studies program and Women's Collective Press
- Support for pre-Christmas exams in Science

• Increased financial support for intramural athletics, for both women and men

• In order to expand the program of student activities now sponsored by ASUS, we must demand an increased grant from the Students' Society.



Lewis Gottheil

Mark Gans, Ellyn Waldman and I are running for posts in the executive of next year's ASUS, because we feel that the ASUS can and should be an active and visible students organization.

As a group, we plan to:
1) guarantee publication of the ASUS budget, and minutes of all ASUS meetings, in the Free Press.
2) organize the rebirth of ASUS WEEK.

3) ensure greater recognition of the needs and interests of women students by next year's ASUS council.

As ARTS VICE-PRESIDENT my interests will lie in:

- 1) strengthening the ASUS tutorial service for all Arts Students.
- 2) actively organizing student participation on faculty committees concerning curricula and faculty policies.
- 3) revitalize the ASUS Speakers Series.

4) helping to co-ordinate the various activities of different individual undergraduate student societies in the Arts faculty.

I think it is possible to have both progressive and responsible student government. Mark, Ellyn and I are getting together to try and make it happen. We want to put ASUS back to work.

ON MARCH 25th VOTE GOTTHEIL-GANS-WALDMAN.

Psychology

the forgettable science

by Jon Ziv

The function of social science is to provide some sort of perspective for understanding society. Theories of personality and behavior are such an attempt within the framework of psychology. Unlike many social theories, psychological theories are unique in that they often reflect social practice in the form of therapies, treatments and categorization of individuals. One would think therefore, that psychology or at least a part of it, would be an accurate reflection and explanation of the forces which create our society. To think this way, however, would be very incorrect.

In actuality, there is no form or theory in psychology practiced today which reflects more than superficially or one-sidedly what actually happens in the world; often theories are merely the utopian fantasies of their creators. This is true of the two main trends: Freudian or dynamic theories and behavioral or learning theories, and virtually all other theories from transactional analysis to Maslow's self actualization.

No matter how many control groups there are, psychology remains trivial and nonscientific. There are two basic reasons for this fact. First psychology is for the most part unable to get outside itself, to view the world in any more than psychological terms; second and more specific, it professes total ignorance of world history, inane proclaiming itself ahistorical.

"Fantasy worlds"

How is psychology locked in itself? For the serious psychologist, only psychology exists and everything in the world can be explained by her theory. For the behaviorist, all "maladaptive" behavior is the product of improper reinforcement contingencies. For example the "juvenile delinquent" is reinforced by peers for stealing. What the psychologist should do is reinforce him/her for not stealing. It's that easy. When the psychologist does admit that under the current conditions there is no way to implement her theory, she attributes it to a failure in society.

Often, the psychologist conjures up fantasy worlds filled with people she would like to see, usually a reflection of herself. Abraham Maslow, for example, unable to understand more than superficially what keeps people from being happy in our society (he attributes it to unfulfilled needs), created a super race of "self-actualized" people for us to emulate. But how does one recognize a self-actualized person — well, they're the people doing the good things. And how do we know what the good things are — well, they're the things done by self-actualized people.

Even a "true scientist", B.F. Skinner, creates utopias like Walden Two where everyone conforms to a prescribed set of contingencies which are only superficially connected to the behavioral contingencies of real life.

Why are psychologists and psychology so divorced from social life, from the economic and political conditions which make up our society? Essentially it's because they take the limited findings of

their laboratories and clinics and apply them non-discriminately to the entire world.

Thus Sigmund Freud extrapolated the European nuclear family and the Oedipal relation within it to prehistoric times even though there is no historical evidence that the nuclear family existed then and a lot of evidence that it didn't (e.g. Malinowski). Thus, any psychologist can get a few "juvenile delinquents"

off the streets by offering them some money, during the course of an experiment, but all the psychologists in the world can't get all of the "juvenile delinquents" into meaningful, high paying jobs because there just aren't enough jobs.

The psychologists (e.g. Fairweather) who managed to get schizophrenics steady work would have a hard time right now getting college graduates steady work in Detroit where 30-40% of the labour force is unemployed. But of course it's not their fault: they deal with what should be; not what is.

Trapped in contradictions

It's not that psychologists don't contribute anything, or that the laws of reinforcement, for example, do not describe actual human phenomena. Certainly every worker works for a reinforcement, a wage, and every businessman employs workers for a reinforcement, profit. Yet, to define the relationship between workers and their employers in this way (and this is essentially what behaviorists say) is to be 100 years behind the times.

Psychologists are genuinely concerned with the problems of the world and they try very hard to produce meaningful changes. But let's see what happens to these efforts in our society. For example, some behavioral scientists conditioned pigeons to do tedious jobs... jobs that workers now do in factories. In fact, because of their acute vision pigeons can do tasks like discriminating faulty products much better than people. Further, a pigeon costs virtually nothing to maintain and is relatively easy to train. So one would expect that these behaviorists had performed a great service to society, providing for higher quality products and freeing some workers for better, more fulfilling tasks. This in fact, is what these behaviorists have claimed.

In reality, what those workers were freed to do was find another job in competition with 800,000 other unemployed Canadian workers. There is little wonder that unions protested, not because it is undignified for pigeons to do human work (as some psychologists have supposed) but because this technological advance is a threat to workers' livelihoods. In some other society, where this threat doesn't exist, such innovations would be welcomed.

This seeming paradox is the key to understanding much of the practical failure of clinical psychology. The good intentions and the honest desires of psychologists are turned against their wouldbe beneficiaries because Canadian society is not homogenous, but organized in the interest of a few against the majority. Many psychologists are aware of this, especially those in community psychology. They often recognize the futility or triviality in their work but they are caught within a contradiction.

In effect, these psychologists are left to retreat into their clinics, restricting themselves to a small number of patients whose problems can be

analyzed as stemming from themselves and not society. Adaption to even the worst social conditions is encouraged as an alternative to changing the system altogether. At best, all changes prescribed are individual rather than group oriented.

Shortcomings

Of course, it is obvious that many psychologists help many people. But because psychologists limit themselves to problems like phobias or psychoses which often can be viewed as individual problems, they provide excuses for not paying attention to more pressing and immediate social issues.

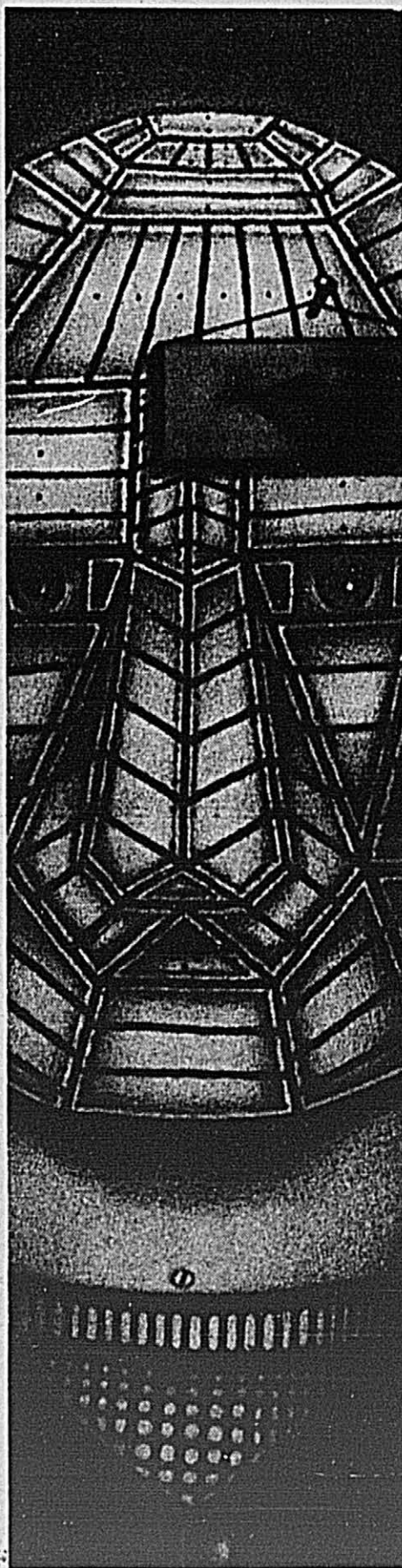
The clinical psychologist who focuses on a relatively small number of people with abnormal behavior ignores the majority of people whose problems are not in their heads but in the oppressive nature of their lives. These people never go to psychologists because they are alienated by psychology's admittedly middle-class values; because no psychologist can give them better living conditions.

Psychologists, aware of their shortcomings, participated in the community psychology movement in the 60's in the United States. Yet, instead of confronting the issues, psychologists generally tried to bring their individual or small group clinical programs to the community; when these fell short, community psychologists retreated, saying, "We tried but they can't be helped. We aren't trained for it."

Whatever psychologists may contribute in theory or technique either falls outside the needs of most of the people in our society or is used against them. Often, as psychological theories do not conform to conditions in society, they are relegated to the New York Times best seller list and popular magazines and forgotten one year later. Such is the case with "Beyond Freedom and Dignity", "I'm OK-You're OK", and many others.

Psychologists do have an impact on society, however. Their theories confuse and delude people as to the nature of their problems; this can only serve to maintain the status quo. They try to convince people that their problems lie within themselves, that society is basically all right except for a few deviant individuals. When they admit things could be better, they attribute present failings to innate aggressive feelings within people (Freud), to the lack of innate social patterns (Lorenz), to just about anything as long as failings are in individuals, not society.

Psychologists, then, are as much a part of our society as other people. We can't look to them as models of how people ought to be, they are just another group of middle-class professionals with middle-class theories. It is only natural that their ideas are generally of little use to the majority of people, members of the working class. The only lesson to be learned by people sincerely concerned with social change is that contemporary psychology is not the way.



Today

Comparative Literature,
Committee on Parallels:
Susan Kirkpatrick, Professor of Spanish and
Comparative Literature, University of California,
San Diego, will speak on "Notes on Sexist
Ideology and the Popular Novel in Spain,
1855-1868" in Arts Council Room, Arts Building
at 8 pm.
English Department:
Film screening, free admission: "Western
History" by Stan Brakhage, "A Man with a Movie
Camera" by Dziga Vertov.
AMAS:
Professors Duff, Ellis, and Burnett will speak on
"The Accounting Program, What You Will Have
to Take." Also nominations for President and
Executive V.P. for 1975-76. Refreshments will be
served, 12 pm in SBB451.
Women's Union:
The Montreal Women's Health Collective, a
group of women opening a self-help clinic in
Montreal, will discuss the medical system in
Quebec (e.g. drug company monopolies and
women as patients and health workers) and the
power of self-help in obtaining quality medical
care. Union 457-458 at 12 noon.

What's What

SCIENCE FOR THE PEOPLE
Organizational meeting on Friday, March 21,

for students, staff (including professors,
technicians, etc.) and members of the Montreal
community to set up projects investigating the
politics of science. Location to be announced in
What's What column.

SAVOY SOCIETY

Tickets now on sale at the Union box office for
Gilbert and Sullivan's The Pirates of Penzance,
directed by Trevor Payne and Rod Hayward.
March 19, 20, 21, at 8 pm.
MCGILL FOR FARMWORKERS COMMITTEE
Meeting Wednesday, March 19, 5-7 pm.

FORUM

Prof. Niyazi Berkes, Inst. of Islamic Studies,
McGill University, will speak on "The Problem of
Establishing a System of Higher Education" 4
pm, Thursday, March 20, Leacock 830. All
welcome.

MCGILL OUTING CLUB

Exercise your right to vote for next year's
executive on March 18, 8 pm in Union ballroom.
There will be a hiking and camping display
including sleeping bags, tents, packs, climbing
equipment, skis, and a special deal for members
for Raichl hiking boots. And don't forget this
year's MOC banquet on March 21. For info call
392-8953.

WOMEN'S UNION

Open meeting: Women's Studies petition to be
discussed Tuesday at 5 pm, room 457, Union. All
interested urged to attend.

MCGILL SAILING CLUB

Will hold a free course in the elements of
boating and sailing in room 305 of the Currie
Gymnasium on Tuesday, March 18; Friday,
March 21; and Tuesday, March 25; 7:30-9:30 pm.
Everyone is welcome regardless of experience.
For further info call 482-2668.

WORKERS SUPPORT COMMITTEE

Regular meeting on Tuesday at 6 pm in room
327. New members welcome.

BETHUNE STUDENT HEALTH SOCIETY

Dr. Wendell MacLeod, "Cuba's Health
Program: Achievements in a Context of Radical
Social Change." Martin Theatre (sixth floor),
McIntyre Medical building. Wednesday, March
19, 7:30 pm.

WOMEN'S UNION

Women from le Centre du Femmes, S.O.S.,
Gardier, Lutte pour l'avortement libre et
gratuit, G.M.R. et En Lutte, will discuss the
perspective for women's movement in Quebec.
Women's Centre rooms 457-8, Union building,
Monday, March 17 at 7:30 pm.

Letters

Half rep gets upset

To the Daily,

On March 6th you placed an
article on page one concerning
the election results. Well and
good: But in the second
paragraph you erroneously
reported that Les Vador and
Frank Farfan "captured the
Senate Management offices".

But that wasn't enough. The
day after, March 7th you
published an erratum (#2)
saying that Frank Farfan was
elected to council representing
Engineering. But how about Les
Vador: Does he not deserve an
erratum saying that he was
elected as a 1/2 representative

when he really was a whole!

Farfan is an engineer, Vador
is in management. Engineers
like themselves, as do
management students. They
don't like to be associated to
liking each other, unless
necessary.

Your prompt action in
printing an erratum to Les
Vador would be appreciated. (I
will not get into the subject of
press or typical press misrepres-
entation.)

Les Vador

Science...

continued from page 1

without SESPA.

The Boston collective of
SESPA has begun to take action
in projects that aim to dispel the
aura of mystery around science.
Genetics research at Boston
Hospital was intended to prove
that males with an extra Y
chromosome are prone to a
lifetime of criminal activity.
Mothers who had borne sons
were cajoled to permit gene
samples to be prepared from
their sons' cells under the
pretense that the tests would

help avoid a medical problem.

The crime-busting objectives
of the research were never
clearly explained to the parents.
The whole purpose of the tests
was not to improve the health of
the experimental subjects, but
to monitor their lives in the vain
hope that a doubtful and
incomplete theory might be
legitimized.

SESPA's Boston chapters,
which include many high school
science teachers, have agitated
in support of Blacks during the
current busing controversy.

United front...

continued from page 1

conventional war."

Nicolaus summed up by
saying, "The only way to
prevent (world) war is by
defeating imperialism, as the
Cambodians are doing."

On Saturday, there were
workshops on Latin America
and the Caribbean, Africa and
East Asia. In the evening, there
was a Third World dinner and
cultural presentation.

Sunday's workshops covered
South East Asia, South Asia
and the Middle East.

Swim Director

For Children's country day camp

for info call Green Acres Day Camp
488-9148

"The Strength of Mankind has always been its Women"

Vanessa Redgrave Katherine Hepburn Genevieve Bujold

"THE TROJAN WOMEN"

PLUS

"OPERATION ATILA"

A Documentary on the Rape of Cyprus

MONDAY 17th MARCH L132 7:00 P.M. /75 CENTS

Important Information for Graduates

from

Old McGill '75

Graduates who have not yet had their photos
taken should make an appointment with

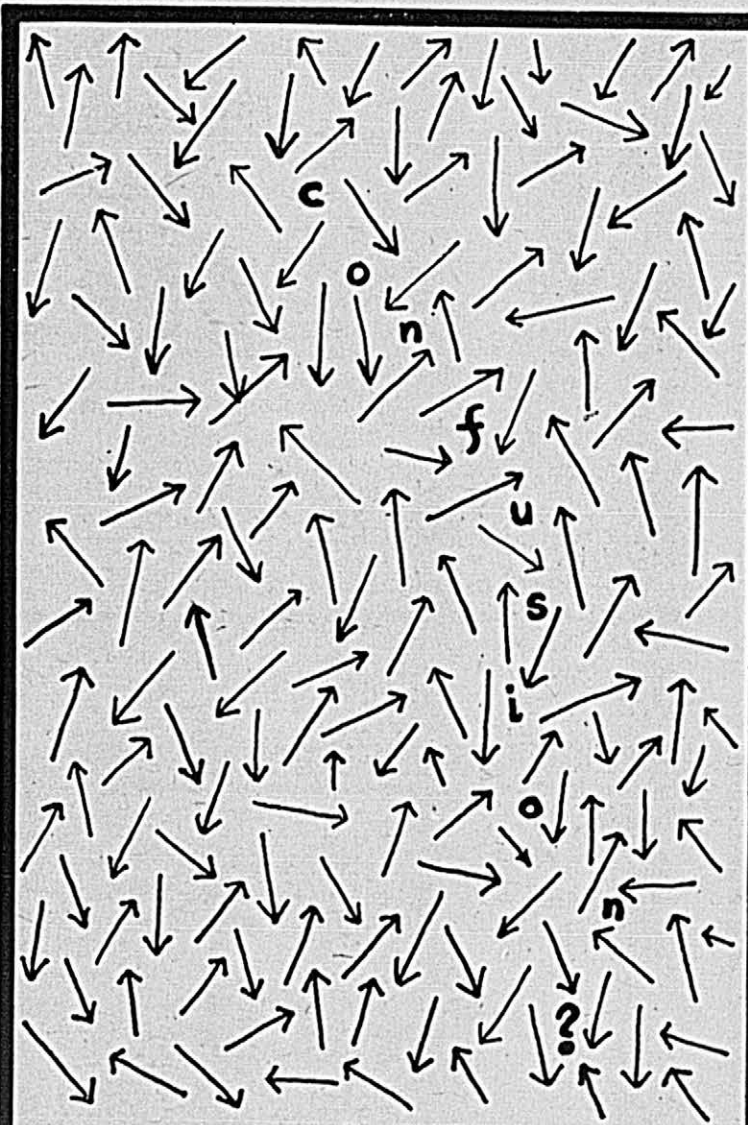
Coronet Studios [844-7745]

Take advantage of the special deals on pictures and Old McGill '75.

Buy a Yearbook

Old McGill '75 goes on sale tomorrow at a number of campus
outlets for the very reasonable price of \$5.00*

*mailing extra



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CAMP B'NAI B'RITH

will be interviewing for

Counsellor Positions

at

Hillel House

Tuesday, Mar. 18

3460 Stanley

11 AM - 2 PM

For appointment call: Mrs. S. Rapkin at 845-9171

MARCH 27

EXTRA!



Last
Special
Issue
of the
**MCGILL
DAILY**

Make sure you reserve
your space before
March 24, 5 P.M.
392-8902 9-5 P.M.

N.B. The Daily will be published every day until March 21.

Campus Legal Aid

Free, Comprehensive,
5 days weekly 10 a.m. - 4 p.m.
Union Bldg., 4th fl.
Phone: 392-8918
Room 414



Something to "cheers" about:

Now the glorious beer of Copenhagen is brewed right here in Canada. It comes to you fresh from the brewery. So it tastes even better than ever. And Carlsberg is sold at regular prices. So let's hear it, Carlsberg lovers. "One, two, three... Cheers!"